Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. V.] THURSDAY, JUNE 20, 1805. [No. 1324.

Public Sale.

On FRIDAY next,
10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store,
RUM
In hhds. and bls. French Brandy in pipes,
Gin in pipes and bls.
Whiskey and Apple Brandy in bls.
Sugar in hhds. tierces and bls.
Chocolate
White and brown Soap and } in boxes,
Mould and dipt Candles
Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,
Figs in kegs and frails,
Queen's Ware in crates,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
&c.——ALSO,
A Variety of DRY GOODS,
among which are
Cloths, Coatings, Kerfemeres,
Drills, Plains, Kerfeys, Negro Cottons,
Serges, Elafticks, blue Friezes,
Calimancoes, Ruffels, Yarn Stockings,
Chintzes and Callicoes,
Irish Linens, Silefia do.
Osnaburgs and Ticklenburgs,
Muslin and Muslin Handkerchiefs,
India Muslins and Table Clothes,
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
Colour'd Threads, Hats and sundry other articles.

Philip G. Marsteller.

Dec. 20.

JAMES SANDERSON
has received, in addition to his late general supplies, which he will sell, by the quantity, very low, and on liberal credit;
10 pipes 4th proof Cogniac Brandy.
4 puncheons second proof Antigua Rum.
10 barrels New England ditto.
5 pipes particular Teneriffe Wine.
12 half pipes do. do. do.
25 cases claret, 2 and half dozen in each.
9 boxes best London Mustard, 15 dozen each.
6 do. do. Double Gloucester Cheese.
20 hogsheads Black Quart Bottles.
ALSO,
28 hogsheads Virginia TOBACCO now in store.
May 31. d

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10 pipes well flavor'd Holland Gin,
60 casks Dutch Linseed Oil,
2 bales German Ticklenburgh
1 case Britannias,
1 do. Platillas Royal,
Just Imported from Rotterdam,
In the brig Nancy, Spalding,
AND FOR SALE BY
J. & T. Vowell,
WHO HAVE IN STORE,
A few pipes old Madeira Wine, fit for immediate use,
Three hhds. old Grenada Rum,
Three casks Clover Seed,
Ten pipes 4th proof Spanish Brandy.
☞ *Cash given for Otter and Mink Skins.*
April 25. d

TO LET,
For one or more years,
The white Warehouses on King-street, near Col. Ramsay's wharf. The situation for business equal to any in town. Apply to JOSEPH RIDDLE & Co.
March 29. d

WANTED,
A young man of good character, and acquainted with business. Apply to the Printer.
June 10. d.

Just Published,
And for Sale by Cottom & Stewart,
A Key to Mystery of Iniquity
OR AN
Address to Men of Candor and lovers of Truth.
By JOHN WEST,
Of Fairfax County.
This work contains a compendium ecclesiastical history, accompanied with the author's reflections; proving *modern episcopacy* to be spurious, and human legislation in the Church to be usurpation, &c. &c.
May 3. d

FOR SALE,

The very fast-sailing Schooner
HARMONY,
Burthen 650 barrels; she is well found and in complete order as she came from sea. For terms be pleased to apply to
JOHN TUCKER.
June 15. d

For NEW-YORK,

The schooner Maria,
(A regular trader)
Charles Stoddart, Master;
Will sail the 23d instant. For freight or passage apply to the Captain on board at Merchant's wharf, or to
Daniel Murgatroyd:
Who has for Sale,
Prime and Cargo Pork
Prime and Cargo Beef
1st and 2d quality Russia Duck
Short yellow Nankeens
Young Hyson
Hyson Skin, and } Fresh Teas.
Souchong
June 15. d

IRISH LINENS.
WILLIAM LADD
Has imported from DUBLIN, (via New-York) a small invoice of
IRISH LINENS,
Which are well assorted; and will be sold low for cash or on short credit.
June 5.

Mandeville & Jamesson
Are now landing, and offer for Sale,
10 puncheons high proof Jamaica Rum.
10 hogsheads Barbadoes Molasses.
8 hogsheads St. Croix Sugars.
English F and FF Gunpowder.
Philadelphia Loaf Sugars.
Patent Shot and Bar-Lead.
May 29. d

GERMAN LINENS.
THE subscribers have received by the ship Hero, captain Cole, from Bremen, and offer for sale, on reasonable terms, for approved negociable paper;
—AN ASSORTMENT OF—
GERMAN LINENS.
—THEY HAVE RIKEWISE—
WINDOW GLASS,
of various sizes.
R. T. Hooe, & co.
May 23. edtf

GUNPOWDER TEA.
A few boxes of the very best quality just received by
Mandeville & Jamesson.
May 15. d

JUST RECEIVED,
AND FOR SALE BY
THE SUBSCRIBER,
First and second quality Russia Duck
Short Yellow Nankeens
India Cottons
Hyson Skin
Young Hyson, and } *FRESH TEAS.*
Souchong
Burlington Pork
Whiskey and
300 bushels St. Kitts Salt.
DANIEL MURGATROYD.
May 6. d

TO LET,
(*On* WASHINGTON STREET)
The House at present occupied by *Joseph Mandeville.* Possession may be had early in June next. Apply to
Mandeville & Jamesson.
May 20. d

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20 puncheons Jamaica RUM,
LAST YEAR'S CROP,
Just received and for Sale on reasonable terms.
John & Thos. Vowell.
May 9. d

Wants a Place, in a Store,
A young man, pretty well acquainted with business. Enquire of the Printer. May 28.

☞ A few Copies of the *American Gardener,* for sale by Robert Gray, in King-street.

PUBLIC SALE.
BY virtue of a Deed of Trust from JOHN C. VOWELL to the subscriber, will be sold, at 12 o'clock, on the *first day of July next,* at the Coffee-House in Alexandria, for ready money,
A Lot of Ground on Fairfax-street,
On which the new Meeting-house stands, fronting on Fairfax street 69 feet 1 inch, and extending back 123 feet 5 inches.
John Dunlap.
June 5. d1ftJy

HENRY K. MAY
Has for Sale,
20,000 lbs. superior quality Green Coffee
3 pipes Port
3 butts Cape Madeira
4 half pipes Catalonia
A few quarter casks Sherry & } WINES.
40 cases Claret
8 chests Hyson } TEAS.
6 do. Young Hyson
60 kegs Smyrna Raisins
100 boxes Brown Soap.
June 15. en3w

ISAAC ENTWISLE
HAS FOR SALE,
3000 bushels Cadiz Salt
Liverpool Blown Salt
Pork, by the barrel
Molasses, by the hogshead
1000 lbs. excellent Rhode Island Cheese
New England Rum, in hhds. and bls.
Whiskey, by the barrel
Lime, by the barrel or small quantity, for white-washing
And, as usual,
First quality Porter and Ale, by the barrel or dozen, bottled or draught.
June 15. eo6t

THE SUBSCRIBER,
AT HIS GROCERY STORE,
King near Washington Street,
HAS JUST RECEIVED
FROM PHILADELPHIA, &c. &c.
—A SUPPLY OF—
Fresh teas, particularly selected,
6000 lbs. green coffee,
14 hhds. St. Croix and St. Martins sugar,
New York and Philadelphia, loaf and lump sugars.
Old 4th proof Jamaica Spirits,
Do. 2d and 3d proof St. Croix rum,
Cognac brandy,
Holland gin,
Whiskey and
New England rum,
Choice old Madeira,
Sherry,
Lisbon,
Teneriffe, } WINES.
Malaga and
Port,
Claret in cases,
20 Boxes fresh muscatel raisins,
Very best chocolate,
Dixon's best mustard,
Sallad oil, &c.
With a general assortment of groceries as usual.
The whole of which are of a superior quality, and will be sold on the most reasonable terms.
JAMES BACON.
May 14. d

WILLIAM OXLEY
HAS ON HAND,
Which he will dispose of on terms advantageous to the purchasers, for cash or notes,
The following Articles, viz.
Superfine and second cloths
Kerseymeres and swandowns
Bearskins and fearnoughts
Durants and callimanchoes
Bombazets and wildbores
Common and boil'd cambletts
Silk, cotton, and worsted hosiery
English extra long silk gloves
Silk twist and thread
Diaper and common tapes
Paper and pound pins
White and printed marseilles
Laces, edgings and gimps
Elegant black and white lace veils
Patent do. do.
Satin peelong and silk handkerchiefs
4-4, 9-8, and 6-4 Cambrick muslins
India Jaconet do.
Fustians, buckram, &c. &c.
ALSO,
A few bales of Negro Caddies, and one trunk silk and cotton slings.
January 7. d

Jonathan & Mahlon Scholfield
Have just received, via Philadelphia,
A large and general Assortment of
DRY GOODS,
Suitable to the season—consisting of
Irish linens, Irish and Russia diapers, dowlas, ticklenburgs, osnaburgs, brown Hollands, white platillas, Silesias, sheetings, checks, assorted; Harlem stripes, cambrick and jaconet muslins, book muslins, colored cambricks, laced camoricks, assorted; laced cambrick shawls, Beerboon gurrahs, mamodies, fine coffacs, fine baftas, and sannahs; muslins India chintz, India checks, Romal handkerchiefs, long and short yellow nankeens, blue and black ditto, Cotton cassimeres, assorted; dimities, assorted; Marseilles, assorted; India and Italian silks, assorted; sarcenets and peelongs, assorted; silk, cotton, and thread hosiery, Leghorn bonnets, silk and kid gloves, wash leather ditto, pins, tapes, threads, sewing silks, assorted; fans and buttons; and
A variety of other Articles,
In addition to their former stock, make a very complete assortment:
All of which they will sell low for cash, or good notes payable in Alexandria, at 60 days.
May 29.

TUNIS CRAVEN,
HAS JUST RECEIVED,
An elegant assortment of goods, selected from the latest importations, in Philadelphia and Baltimore.
—AMONG WHICH ARE—

Superfine cloths and cassimeres,
Cotton cassimeres,
White and coloured jeans, nankeens and fustians,
Long and short nankeens,
Blue do.
White and coloured marseilles,
Waistcoating,
4-4 7-8, Irish linens, long lawns,
4-4 7-8, Shirting cotton,
Irish and Flanders sheeting,
Platillas,
Brittanias,
Silesias,
Silk, cotton and thread hosiery,
Diaper table cloths,
Napkins,
Chintz callicoes and coloured cambricks,
Dimities,
6-4 9-8, Cambrick muslins,
India, book, jaconet and mull mull, muslins,
Colonade and crossbarred striped cambricks ditto,
Lace,
6-4, Lace shawls,
Long ditto,
Super brocaded do.
English and French silk gloves,
Kid ditto,
Pic nic mitts,
English split straw bonnets,
Madrass and bandanna handkerchiefs,
Baftas,
Mammodies,
Gurrahs, &c. &c.

All of which he has determined to sell at the most reduced prices.
May 26. d

O. P. FINLEY,
Has received per the *United States,* just from *Liverpool,* an extensive assortment of HARDWARE, IRONMONGERY, CUTLERY, &c. which he will dispose of on very reasonable terms:—
40 doz. Wheat Scythes,
25 do. Sickles,
20 do. Spades,
23 do. Shovels,
90 faggots Crowley's Steel,
A few tons of Patent Shot,
40 or 50 doz. broad and narrow Hoes,
A few casks 6d. 8d. 10d. 12d. 20d. 30d. wrought nails fine drawn.
May 23. d

DOUGLASS & MANDEVILLE.
King-street,
Have just received and offer for Sale,
20 hhds. 1st. & 2d. quality brown
SUGAR,
20 ditto Barbadoes Molasses,
10 ditto 4th proof Jamaica Rum,
10 hhds. Philadelphia Rye Whiskey,
5 do. N. York Lump and Loaf Sugar,
5 pipes Holland Gin,
7000 lbs. Green Coffee,
6000 wt. excellent Cheese,
20 casks Raisins,
40 boxes do.
100 gallons Havanna Honey,
Fresh Teas,
Fine and coarse SALT, &c.
☞ Old Rum Bounce.
ALSO
700 bbls. SHAD & HERRINGS.
May 16. d

The highest price given for clean Linen Rags, by the Printer hereof.

Jamaica Legiſlature.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

APRIL 20.

Engroſſed Memorial and Repreſentation to his honor the lieutenant governor, on the ſubject of the American intercourſe, was read and paſſed, as follows:—

"*The Humble Memorial and Repreſentation of the Aſſembly,*

"SHEWETH,

"That on acknowledging the independence of the United States of North America, his majeſty's then miniſters thought it would be proper to deprive them of the benefits they had derived from their intercourſe with the Weſt-Indian iſlands whilſt they compoſed part of the Britiſh dominions.

"That the inhabitants of Jamaica have ever been anxious to promote the commercial proſperity and augment the naval ſtrength of the empire; but, on this occaſion, they repreſented that nature had denied to this iſland the means of ſubſiſting its population whilſt their induſtry was directed to the cultivation of thoſe ſtaples which alone rendered it a valuable appendage to the mother country, and that it was deſtitute of many articles of the firſt neceſſity in preparing our produce for exportation. They ſubmitted that G. Britain, with all her remaining dependencies in North America, could not ſupply the lumber required for buildings and packages in the towns and on the plantations, or the proviſions abſolutely neceſſary for the exiſtence of the inhabitants, and that they could not be procured from the United States in ſufficient abundance, unleſs the importation ſhould be permitted in their own veſſels.

"The cleareſt facts, the moſt obvious conſequences were diſregarded, chiefly through deluſive miſrepreſentations from the remaining Britiſh colonies in North America, who flattered themſelves with acquiring immenſe wealth by a monopoly of an extenſive market which they knew muſt be ſcantily ſupplied. After ſome intermediate relaxation, the intercourſe was at length confined to Britiſh veſſels navigated according to law. Putting the loſs and deſtruction of property out of queſtion, the conſequences to this country was terrible.

"It is briefly ſtated in a report of a committee of this houſe on the ſubject of the ſlave trade, which never has been and never can be, controverted.

"We decline, ſays the committee, "to enlarge on the conſequences which followed, leſt we may appear to exaggerate; but having endeavored to compute with as much accuracy as the ſubject will admit, the number of our ſlaves whoſe deſtruction may be fairly attributed to the unfortunate meaſure of interdicting foreign ſupplies, whilſt the country was ſuffering under internal calamities, we heſitate not, after every allowance for advantitious cauſes, to fix the whole loſs of lives at fifteen thouſand. This number we firmly believe to have periſhed of famine, or of diſeaſes contracted by ſcanty and unwholeſome diet, between the latter end of 1780 and the beginning of 1787.

"Such was the waſte of life at which the firſt experiment was made for ſecuring to Great Britain the carrying trade between Jamaica and the United States of North America! with the charity of Chriſtians, and loyalty which oppreſſion could not alienate, the aſſembly were willing to ſuppoſe that the conſequence of the meaſures adopted were not intended or foreſeen, and they are brought forward as a defence againſt new calumnies, and not as a ſubject of recrimination, for the deſtruction of their property.

"It is to be recollected that this trial was made not only in the time of profound peace, but commenced at the termination of the American war, when a redundancy of ſhipping, ſeamen, and capital, in the mother country, were ready for any new or advantageous commerce: when a great addition of active and enterpriſing adventurers were poured into the remaining Britiſh colonies of North America ſolicitous to profit by a ſpeculation which their miſrepreſentations had ſet on foot.

"Finally, however, it was admitted to be vain to contend againſt the decrees of Providence, which had condemned New Brunſwick and Nova Scotia to perpetual ſterility, and ſhut up all intercourſe with Canada for more than half the year. When theſe provinces applied to the Legiſlature of the mother country for, and were allowed, liberty to import lumber and proviſions from the United States it was thought impoſſible that ſtateſmen could liſten to an application for rendering ſupply of half a million of Britiſh ſubjects ſubſervient to their blind and indecent avarice.

"Although the expectations of the inhabitants of Nova Scotia, New Brunſwick and Canada, were completely defeated, it muſt be acknowledged that the profit of the carrying trade between the United States of North America and the Britiſh Weſt-India Colonies was for a time ſecured to the Britiſh ſhip owners. They were computed to get about 2450001. ſterling annually; and, perhaps, the inhabitants of this country only paid about double the freight which the articles would have coſt if imported in American veſſels. This, however, was during the peace.

"When the late war with France commenced, notwithſtanding the immenſe ſuperiority of Great Britain by ſea, and the advantages of an eſtabliſhed and regular intercourſe, the nationonal ſhipping gradually diſappeared. The increaſing exigencies and diminiſhed ſupplies induced the Right Honorable the Earl of Balcarras to aſſume the reſponſibility of providing for the wants of the country confided to his care, by opening the ports of this iſland for American ſhipping.

"By this wiſe and neceſſary meaſure, a ſecond famine was averted; and during a period of great difficulty, the agricultural capital of the country has been preſerved, and the planters looked forward to better times to diſencumber themſelves from the debts affecting it.

"It is our painful duty to preſent that, by recurring to the ſyſtem of reſtriction, formerly tried, the ſame conſequnces muſt follow with inevitable certainty. The capital and labor employed in raiſing ſtaples for exportation, ſo important to the commerce and navigation of the Mother Country, muſt be applied to raiſe food for our ſubſiſtence, and, in certain ſituations, to procure ſubſtitutes for lumber.

"Every one converſant with the ſtate of the iſland muſt admit that obtaining them is not practicable in the beſt cultivated diſtricts; but were it otherwiſe, the ſhipping of the Empire would be materially diminiſhed by attempting to engroſs the carrying trade between the iſland and America.

"This intercourſe is in its nature unchangeable.

"On the part of the North American States our ſtaples might be diſpenſed with, becauſe they are luxuries, and can alſo be ſuppled from other parts of the world; but our demands from them are for neceſſaries the moſt eſſential, and only became greater in proportion to our induſtry and the increaſe of our cultivation. We ſhall take two periods, very diſtant from each other, to ſhew their nature and extent.

"The ſchedule No. 1, contains an account of the imports from North America into the Britiſh Weſt India iſlands in one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy two, and one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three.

It is on the authority of Mr. Stanley, ſecretary to the commiſſioners of the cuſtoms, and diſcriminates what was ſupplied by the territories now forming the United States from what was furniſhed by the British provinces. The articles compoſe twelve hundred cargoes annually, and were eſtimated to be of the value of ſeven hundred & twenty thouſand ponds ſterling, or one million, eight thouſand Jamaica currency; but as many of the veſſels made two and ſome times three voyages, within the year, the lumber did not exceed five hundred and thirty three, and the ſeamen employed were about 3399.

"The ſchedule No 2, exhibits a ſimilar account of the years 1802, 1803, and 1804, from the returns of the naval officer made to the houſe of aſſembly, of the importations of the United States and the Britiſh dominions in North America, and diſtinguiſhes the proportions imported in American and Britiſh bottoms. A valuation is added on the authority, of the members of this houſe, of great commercial experience and reſpectability: It will be found one million two hundred and forty nine thouſand and 73 pounds currency.

"The ſchedule No. 3, contains an account of our exportation to North America, from the ſame authorities.

"As might be expected it will be found, from theſe authentic documents that the increaſed cultivation of Jamaica, calls for a ſupply of greater value than was required by all the Britiſh Iſlands in the firſt period; and that of this ſupply, leſs than one twelfth part comes from his majeſty's colonies in North America; and that ſix-ſeventh parts, of what we procure from the United States, is imported in their own ſhipping. We ſhall admit however that the veſſels mentioned by Mr. Stanley, now carries the increaſed ſupply, and it will be found that four hundred and fifty ſix additional Britiſh veſſels navigated by two thouſand eight hundred and ſixty two ſeamen, muſt enter immediately into the Ameriean trade, to prevent the abſolute ruin of this country.

"No perſon in the leaſt acquainted with commerce but muſt admit that twice that number will be requiſite if our wants are intended to be anſwered by means of ſhips making a circuitous voyage once a year fron Great Britain.

"Situated as the mother country is at preſent, we do not heſitate to affirm that neither ſhipping nor ſeamen can be ſpared for carrying on and protecting this commerce until the return of peace.

"We have hitherto regarded matters in the moſt favorable view, as if we poſſeſſed the quantity of proviſions uſual at this ſeaſon of the year, and without a proſpect of interruption to the intercourſe; the facts however are extremely different.

"From a ſcanty harveſt in America and a great demand from Spain, the importations have been leſs than common, whilſt the expenditure has been augmented by drawing the militia from their homes and collecting pionters and working parties during the preſent militia law.

"From the beſt information collected by enquiries under authority, on the proclamation of martial law it is aſcertained that there was then not flour to feed that portion of the inhabitants, who depend on it for ſubſiſtance for four weeks, and we have no reaſon to believe that the ſtock is now greater. In about thirty days the expectation of all additional ſupply muſt be given up. When the imperious cravings, of abſolute famine may arreſt attention it will be too late to adminiſter relief. In the hurricane months few American veſſels adventure in theſe latitudes, and the winter froſts lock up many ports of the United States from which we are ſupplied.

"We truſt that we have been fortunate enough to impreſs your honor with a true ſenſe of the ſituation of this country, for if ever there was a caſe calling for the ſound exerciſe of that diſcretion with which his moſt gracious majeſty has entruſted you, we humbly ſubmit the caſe now exiſts here.

"No means can be pointed out for carrying on an intercourſe admitted to be indiſpenſible at all times; proved now to be peculiarly ſo from the cauſes which his majeſty's miniſters could not foreſee, but which are fully diſcloſed to your honor.

"No Benefit can accrue to Great Britain or to the empire at large from the calamities which will be brought upon this country.

"We admit the reſponſibility which your honor muſt aſſume in exerciſing the high prerogative which our moſt beloved ſovereign has delegated to you, for the purpoſe of protecting his faithful people from partial evils, ariſing out of well intended general regulations, but we humbly call your honor's attention to the higheſt reſponſibility which will attach on declining to diſpenſe the bleſſings which his majeſty meant to be communicated to his loyal ſubjects here.

"From theſe conſiderations we rely that your honor will, without delay, give directions for continuing the moſt important intercourſe on its preſent footing for ſix months after the time limited by the preſent order of the privy council, or until his majeſty's pleaſure ſhall be known."

Meſſage to his honor, deſiring to know when he would be attended with the above Memorial and Repreſentation, in anſwer to which he was pleaſed to ſay "at 4 o'clock."

Houſe adjourned for a quarter of an hour; and being met, Mr. Speaker and the whole houſe went up to preſent their memorial and repreſentation to his honor, when he was pleaſed to return the following anſwer:

"*Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Aſſembly,*

"Having received no inſtructions from his majeſty's ſecretary of ſtate, authoriſing me to give directions for continuing the intercourſe between Jamaica and the United States of America, after the 21ſt of May next, I conſider myſelf abſolutely precluded from paying that attention to your repreſentation, which, under other circumſtances, I ſhould ſincerely wiſh to do upon all occaſions."

FOR CHARTER,

The new Britiſh Ship

WILLIAM,

Captain JOHN BACON,

Two years old, 264 tons burthen, ſails well. A freight would be preferred to Liverpool—The terms will be very moderate.

I HAVE FOR SALE,

200 ſacks fine Salt,
8 caſes felt Hats,
1 caſe real 7-8 Colraine Linen,
20 boxes, beſt Raiſins,
100 barrels Boſton Beef, No. 1 and 2,
6000 lb. excellent Coffee,
200 barrels Herrings.

WM. HODGSON.

June 19. ds

HUGH SMITH,

HAS JUST RECEIVED,

BY THE

William from Liverpool,

A ſupply of Queens Ware, with the ſtock before on hand, received by the United States and the Medway, will enable him to ſupply his cuſtomers, with a complete aſſortment of

Queens Ware, Glaſs and China.

FOR SALE,

On board the William,

6000 buſhels Liverpool Coarſe and fine SALT.

June 19. W T F, & law 2m.

NEW YORK, June 17.

Our Greenock papers by the ſhip Ardent are to the 13th of May, and the London intelligence they contain is of the 10th, 9 days later than we had before received, compriſing the ſubjoined articles.

We learn verbally that an embargo was laid on all veſſels in the ports of England on the 7th May, and in Scotland on the 10th, in conſequence of the ſailing of the ſecond ſecret expedition; and that the Ardent, having cleared out at the Cuſtom Houſe before the embargo, ſailed in the evening of the 11th, under a proteſt.

The Ardent had a paſſage of 14 days to the banks of Newfoundland, and has been 15 days upon the coaſt. Captain C. brought no looſe papers later than the 13th, and the packages were not delivered yeſterday from the poſt office.

London, May 2.

Authentic information is at length received reſpecting the French fleet which eſcaped from Toulon. It conſiſted, as we before ſtated, of 11 ſail of the line, 7 frigates, and 2 corvettes; they paſſed the ſtraits of Gibraltar on the 9th ult. and immediately bore up for Cadiz, before which ſir John Orde was cruizing. When ſir John firſt received intelligence of their approach, his ſquadron was buſy in overhauling their rigging, and had their top maſts struck, and their yards down to have all new ſet; but ſuch was the diſpatch uſed to put the ſquadron in a ſtate to meet the enemy, that in four hours it was in perfect order. The French admiral did not however, think adviſable to attack Sir John, notwithſtanding his great ſuperiority of force, for the Britiſh ſquadron only conſiſted of ſix ſail of the line and two frigates, and had alſo the diſadvantage of being encumbered with tranſports.—The French fleet ſtood directly into Cadiz, where it remained when the laſt diſpatches were ſent off.

The Sirius frigate, captain Prowes, has arrived at Plymouth from ſir J. Orde and brings intelligence of lord Nelſon having paſſed the ſtraits in purſuit of the French fleet, and of his having arrived before Cadiz. Although there is no direct authority for this report, yet it is very probable; there can be little doubt but Lord Nelſon was very ſoon informed of the ſailing of the French fleet, and we have very ſtrong reaſon to believe they had not above two or three days ſtart of him. If it be true that Lord Nelſon has arrived before Cadiz, and that the blockade of that port has been renewed by the united British ſquadrons, the enemy will be placed in a moſt diſtreſſing ſituation; for the ſcarcity of proviſions particularly bread, has been very great at Cadiz, and the arrival of ſo large a fleet, with a numerous body of troops on board, will of courſe greatly increaſe the calamity.

The enemy's ſquadrons ſeem to be on the alert in almoſt every quarter.—Lord Gardner's diſpatches ſtate, we underſtand, that an unuſual degree of activity had been obſerved among the French fleet.

The preparations for another expedition, upon a ſcale of force about equal to that which lately ſailed, are nearly ready at Portsmouth.

Letters of the 28th ult. were received yeſterday from Holland. They mention, that M. Schimmelpenninck had propoſed the next day to meet the members of the Government, for the purpoſe of receiving their acceptance or refuſal of the New Conſtitution.

Among other rumours at Paris, it is ſaid that Bonaparte intends to create Madame Lapagerie, who reſides at Martinico, and is the mother of his wife, an Empreſs of the Weſt Indies, to be ſucceeded by her grandſon Eu-

NEW YORK, June 17.

Our Greenock papers by the ship Ardent are to the 13th of May, and the London intelligence they contain is of the 10th, 9 days later than we had before received, comprising the subjoined articles.

We learn verbally that an embargo was laid on all vessels in the ports of England on the 7th May, and in Scotland on the 10th, in consequence of the sailing of the second secret expedition; and that the Ardent, having cleared out at the Custom House before the embargo, sailed in the evening of the 11th, under a protest.

The Ardent had a passage of 14 days to the banks of Newfoundland, and has been 15 days upon the coast.

Captain C. brought no loose papers later than the 13th, and the packages were not delivered yesterday from the post office.

London, May 2.

Authentic information is at length received respecting the French fleet which escaped from Toulon. It consisted, as we before stated, of 11 sail of the line, 7 frigates, and 2 corvettes; they passed the straits of Gibraltar on the 9th ult. and immediately bore up for Cadiz, before which sir John Orde was cruizing. When sir John first received intelligence of their approach, his squadron was busy in overhauling their rigging, and had their top masts struck, and their yards down to have all new set; but such was the dispatch used to put the squadron in a state to meet the enemy, that in four hours it was in perfect order. The French admiral did not however, think it advisable to attack Sir John, notwithstanding his great superiority of force, for the British squadron only consisted of six sail of the line and two frigates, and had also the disadvantage of being encumbered with transports.—The French fleet stood directly into Cadiz, where it remained when the last dispatches were sent off.

The Sirius frigate, captain Prowes, is arrived at Plymouth from sir J. Orde and brings intelligence of lord Nelson having passed the straits in pursuit of the French fleet, and of his having arrived before Cadiz. Although there is no direct authority for this report, yet it is very probable; there can be little doubt but Lord Nelson was very soon informed of the sailing of the French fleet, and we have very strong reason to believe they had not above two or three days start of him. If it be true that Lord Nelson has arrived before Cadiz, and that the blockade of that port has been renewed by the united British squadrons, the enemy will be placed in a most distressing situation; for the scarcity of provisions particularly bread, has been very great at Cadiz, and the arrival of so large a fleet, with a numerous body of troops on board, will of course greatly increase the calamity.

The enemy's squadrons seem to be on the alert in almost every quarter.—Lord Gardner's dispatches state, we understand, that an unusual degree of activity had been observed among the Brest fleet.

The preparations for another expedition, upon a scale of force about equal to that which lately sailed, are nearly ready at Portsmouth.

Letters of the 28th ult. were received yesterday from Holland. They mention, that M. Schimmelpenninck proposed the next day to meet the members of the Government, for the purpose of receiving their acceptance or refusal of the New Constitution.

Among other rumours at Paris, it is said that Bonaparte intends to create Madame Lapagerie, who resides at Martinico, and is the mother of his wife, an Empress of the West Indies, to be succeeded by her grandson Eugenius Beauharnois, and that this accounts for the numerous troops sent by him to that part of the world, where many think both the Brest fleet and Spanish armaments are destined.

PRICE OF STOCKS
This Day.
Consols for money 58.
Omnium 2 3 4 3.

May 6.

We understand, from unquestionable authority, that his majesty has issued orders for erazing the name of lord Melville from the list of the Privy Council. His Lordship is now removed from all places which he held at the pleasure of the Crown.

May 10.

By the Sophia sloop of war from the Mediterranean, government has this morning received dispatches from lord Nelson, the particulars of which have not yet transpired.

It is said some information has also been received respecting the course of the combined squadrons which lately sailed from Cadiz.

An expedition or the West Indies consisting of eight thousand men, under the command of sir Eyre Coote, is nearly ready for sea.

An unusual degree of activity has lately been remarked among the enemy's flotilla at Boulogne. The following is an extract of a letter from an officer belonging to our squadron off that port, dated off Boulogne, May 2, 1805. "We constantly perceive the enemy actively engaged on their coast, which leads us to believe they will speedily attempt something in a formidable way. The force under the command of our active admiral, Douglass, is on the alert and prepared to give them a warm reception. Yesterday & this morning a few of their small gun boats crept from Ambletesque along the shore to Boulogne. They keep in so close under batteries, and draw so little water, that it is almost impossible for any of our cruizers to molest them."

The following is an extract of a letter from an officer on board the fleet, dated 28th ult.

"This day the Polyphemus, of 64 guns, captain Lawford, joined us; she came from sir John Orde's squadron that was cruizing off Cadiz, but retired on the appearance of eleven French line of battle ships, which had passed the Gut of Gibraltar on the 9th ult. from Toulon, and entered Cadiz Roads on the following day. Before sir John got out of sight of Cadiz he saw six more line of battleships go in, having, it is conjectured, got out of Carthagena. There were lying in Cadiz harbour during the blockade, 12 Spanish and 1 French line of battle ships, so that their force now in that port consists of thirty sail of the line, besides several frigates, and they shewed every appearance of soon putting to sea. The enemy's fleet in Brest amount to 21 sail of the line, and have twice endeavored to come out. We hourly expect to be joined by sir John Orde. with five sail of the line."

GREENOCK, May 6.

The following note was stuck up at Lloyd's on Thursday last at three o'clock:

Lloyd's, 2d May, 1805, half past 3.

"Information has been received at the admiralty that the French squadron which appeared off Cadiz on the 9th ult. was no longer there on the 10th, and that the number of Spanish ships in the harbor was diminished. On the 11th and 12th, five sail of the line, supposed to be Spanish, were seen beating to the westward."

Our correspondent subjoins, "the above communication has made a very serious impression. It is now supposed that part of the Spanish squadron is sent to reinforce the fleets in the West-Indies, while the French fleet is proceeding along the coast to raise the blockade of the ports. Till some decisive intelligence is received, it is now evident that little dependence can be placed on any information which has hitherto been received, and that till positive assurances are obtained of the views of the enemy's squadrons, a constant succession of alarms must be submitted to.

It is certainly much to be regretted, that at a period of so much danger and alarm from without, party spirit should run to high at home as our parliamentary report of this day, and indeed of every day for some time past, demonstrates.

A Lisbon mail arrived on Thursday, in 14 days, per the Walsingham packet, in which came passengers, lord and lady Holland. Jerome Bonoparte has set off for France, and his lady and her brother, by sea, for Amsterdam. The French ambassador, Junot, had arrived at Lisbon.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

THURSDAY, JUNE 20.

By captain Lewis, of the sloop Diana, direct from Martinique, we learn, that on the 14th of May, the French and Spanish fleet of 18 sail of the line, six frigates and two sloops of war, arrived at Fort Royal, and on the same day an embargo took place, and lasted 14 days; the fleet was still there, engaged in victualing and watering, preparatory to sailing on some expedition; on their passage, took an English sloop of war. Markets dull.

CHARITY SERMON.

At the request of the Brethren of Lodge No. 22, the Rev. *Brother Thomas Davis*, will deliver a Sermon in the Episcopal Church, on Sunday morning next. Members of other Lodges, who may be in town on that day, are requested to join the Brethren of No. 22, at their Lodge-Room, to move in procession to the Church.

SHIP NEWS.

Port of Alexandria.

ENTERED,

British ship William, Bacon, Liverpool
Earthen and Glass ware and Salt...H. Smith
Brig Columbia, Dye, St. Jago de Cuba
Coffee, Sugar & Molasses—R. Veitch & Co.

CLEARED,

Ship Hero, Cole, Rotterdam
Tobacco and Logwood, by R. Young & W. Yeaton

Arrived, yesterday, brig Columbia, Captain Dye, 20 days from St. Jago de Cuba.

Captain Dye has politely favored us with the following—

Left St. Jago de Cuba on the 25th of May, after being detained 18 days on suspicion of being a spy from Jamaica; which was proved to the contrary with much trouble and expence.—June 2, Cape-Nicholas in sight, bearing S. E. 10 leagues, was boarded by a French privateer, and after they had ransacked and turned every thing out of its place, they would not not leave us without plundering the vessel and crew of articles to a considerable amount.

List of vessels left at St. Jago de Cuba.

Ship John and Jane, Langford, of and for Baltimore in ten days; schooner Maria, captain Bennett, of and for Baltimore in ten days; brig Eleanor, captain Alden, of and for Baltimore in one day; the schooner Hannah, Bartley, of N. York sailed in company with me for New York, parted with her on the second of June, the island of Tortodas bearing S. E. by S. spoke with her the day before, the captain's intention was to go through the Caicos passage.

Arrived this morning, sloop Diana, capt. Lewis, 22 days from St. Pierres, Martinique—Sugar—John & Thos. Vowell.

List of American vessels left at St. Pierres, May 27.

Ship Lucy Ann, Middleton, of Baltimore, for a market; schooner Fanny, Penrice, ditto; to sail in 10 days for Baltimore; brig Hope, M'Donnel, for Wiscasset; brig Joseph, Kirkland, to sail in 6 days; schooner Sally, Tyler, to sail in 7 days for Newburyport; schooner Jane, Burrows, for Savannah, in 2 days; Lucy, Paty, of and for Plymouth, in 10 days; Peggy, Denmark, for New London, clearing; Fancy, Metcalf, New York, 15 days; Sally, Slater, to sail in one day for New London; brig Jane, Stephenson, in 8 days for Portland; brig Bee, Fletcher, in 4 days for Newburyport, and a number of other names not recollected.

Sailed in company with brig Jane, Weeks, of and for Philadelphia; schooner Lucy, Martin, of and for do.; sch'r Dart, Garrow, of and for Norfolk.

On Sunday last spoke sch'r Patsey, of Norfolk, one day out for Antigua.

LOOK SHARP!

Oppposite to Messrs. *Roberts* and *Griffith's*.

JUST RECEIVED,
A few hundred Pine-Apples;
And a general assortment of
FRUITS & GROCERIES.
T. SIMMS.
June 20. 3t

Wet Nurse wanted.

A Wet Nurse, who can produce satisfactory recommendations, may hear of a situation where she will receive liberal wages on immediate application being made to the Printer.
June 20. d3t

Just Received,
And for sale, at the subscriber's store,
Fresh PINE-APPLES,
Large Limes, in barrels or by retail,
Cheese, of the first quality—equal to English Cheese—together with a general variety of Groceries, Fruits, and Nuts.
A. WILLIS.
June 20. 6t§

NOTICE.

I intend to be absent from Alexandria a few weeks, on a visit to my friends in New-England; during which time Mr. *Stephen Corwin* will attend to my business.
Ephraim Gilman.
June 20. 3t

For Sale, on liberal Credit,
90 hogsheads
South Potomac Tobacco,
Now in store ——*Also,*
4 do. Rappahannock;
Suitable for the West-India market.
James Sanderson.
June 20. d

Mill-Stones & Boulting-Cloths.

We want to buy one pair of 4 or 4 and an half feet Cologne Mill Stones.—We have one pair of 6 feet Burr Mill-Stones for sale: Also, five hundred dollars worth of Boulting-Cloths; which will be sold a bargain, to any body who will take the whole of them.
Hewes & Miller.
June 20. d

For Philadelphia,

The SCHOONER
FAIR AMERICAN,
Capt. ELISHA MACK;
At Irwin's wharf. Will positively sail on Saturday. A hundred barrels will be taken on freight if applied for immediately. Apply to
A. W. Preuss & Co.
June 20. d3t

PUBLIC SALE.

TO MORROW will be Sold, on Messrs. Irvin and Dunlap's wharf, at half past 3 o'clock,
25 boxes of first quality Sugar, and
25 hhds. nice Molasses.
Terms will be made known at the place of sale. P. G. MARSTELLER.
June 20.

ICE for Sale.

Persons may be supplied with ICE, at *eight cents* per pound, on application to JOHN GADSBY.
June 20. 3t

J. WILLIAM PFALTZ,
Clock & Watch maker,
Opposite JOSEPH RIDDLE and Cos. Fairfax. street;

Offers his service to his friends and the public in general, in the above line—having served his time in Switzerland, and afterwards worked in London and Paris, hopes, from his experience, to be able to render general satisfaction to those who may favor him with their custom. He repairs all kinds of horizontal, repeating and common watches and clocks.

Has also on hand, and offers for Sale,
A handsome assortment of *Jewellery*, finished in the newest style.
June 20. 2aw3w‡

TO LET,
AND POSSESSION GIVEN IMMEDIATELY,
A FRAME HOUSE,
IN Prince street, calculated for a small Grocery Store, and the accommodation of a family. The situation is healthy, and the stand for business good. For further particulars, please enquire of the subscribers, next door to the Post Office.
M. & J. JANNEY.
June 20. dtf.

RACING.

ON FRIDAY, the 28th inſtant, will be run, over the courſe adjoining Alexandria; two match races—One for *One Hundred Dollars*—the other for *Seventy-five Dollars*:—And on SATURDAY the 29th, a ſweepſtakes, conſiſting of an *Elegant Saddle, Bridle, Martingate* and *Collar*, worth *Fifty Dollars*; free for any ſaddle horſe, mare or gelding, that has never won a purſe—one mile and repeat. Horſes may be entered any time between this and the days of running, or at the poles.

John Hodgkin,
Keeper of the Courſet

June 14. eo6.

SPRING GOODS

Juſt received, per ſhip Carliſle, from LONDON, and for ſale, by the ſubſcribers:

Amongſt which are—

Elegant and faſhionable muſlin ſhawls; plain and colored muſlin, piquet, colonade, loom japan, japan laced, fine lappet, plain and laced cambrick, jaconet and book muſlins; cambrick dimities; lenо; Italian ſarſenets; plain India and narrow corded dimities; nankeens; jeans; croſſovers; quiltings; right printed cambrics; calicoes; chintzes, &c. &c.

Many of theſe goods are in packages ſuitable for the Weſt-India market—entitled to drawback.

R. Veitch & Co.

May 15. d

REMOVAL.

JAMES RUSSEL,

Has removed his Store to Royal ſtreet, in part of the OLD EAGLE TAVERN HOUSE, *one door north of King-ſtreet; where he has juſt opened a freſh ſupply of*

German & Eaſt-India Goods,

Prints, Dimities, Checks, Iriſh Linens, &c. &c. which he will ſell by the piece, low, for caſh, or on a ſhort credit.

May 2. d

N. B. I will let, for four years, the BRICK HOUSE I have juſt left, on Fairfax-ſtreet.

J. R.

Union Cheap Bread Manufactory,

Oppoſite the market,
Adjoining *James S. Scott's*, Royal ſtreet,—
ALEXANDRIA—

By WILLIAM LOVELL,

Who begs leave to inform the Ladies, Gentlemen, and the Public in general, in this town, that on Wedneſday, the firſt of May, he will commence baking; where they may be ſupplied with *BREAD* of the firſt quality and found baked—on ſuch terms never before offered in this place—as follows:

THE eighteen penny loaf for 20 cents, nine penny loaf for 10 cents, four pence half penny loaf for 5 cents; and, for the convenience of thoſe whoſe family or circumſtances will not admit of LARGE BREAD, he will make the three penny loaf two ounces heavier than the weight fixed by the *Clerk of the Market*, as directed by the *Corporation*; ſo that the labouring man will be ſerved on as good terms as the merchant. The BEST SUPERFINE FLOUR for houſe keeping at *ſeven cents* per pound, or fifteen pounds for a dollar. Thoſe Ladies and Gentlemen who wiſh to be regularly ſupplied at their own houſes, will be obliging enough to ſend a line as above, which will be attended to. *Great allowance* to ſellers of *Bread*. To prevent any miſunderſtanding the above terms are CASH, unleſs where ſtated *credits* are agreed on, and thoſe are expected to be regularly paid—the profits being ſmall.

N. B. To Taverns, Boarding-houſes, and large families, there will be an additional ſaving of *ten per cent.* in buying LARGE LOAVES in preference to SMALL.

April 30. d

Runaway Negro DICK,

THE property of George G. Boon, (King George County,) was ſent to my care in January laſt, to hire; on the 31ſt of May he obtained leave and a paſs of me, to go to Fredericksburg and to return, but it appears has abſconded. There is nothing remarkable in his perſon; he is about a common ſize man, about 30 years old, very black, is of a diffident manner at firſt, but is diſpoſed to become familiar, he is very fond of dreſſing to the beſt appearance, and is remarkable for affecting to ſpeak in a learned ſtyle, though commonly incorrect; he has been moſtly employed in a tavern, for ſome years paſt, and is fond of ſuch like employment.

Twenty dollars will be given for his apprehenſion and all reaſonable charges by me, or his maſter, or John Johnſton, Fredericksburg.

John Pittman.

June 18. eo3

N. B. All perſons are forwarned, employing or in any way aſſiſting ſaid negro.

Umbrella Manufactory.

Umbrellas made, covered and repaired at the houſe of the ſubſcriber, in St. Aſaph-ſtreet, in the beſt manner and on the moſt reaſonable terms.

Samuel Kirk.

June 8. 1aw

VALUABLE FAMILY *MEDICINES.*

Juſt received direct from the Patentees, and *FOR SALE BY*

JAMES KENNEDY, JUN.
DRUGGIST;

The following Valuable Medicines:

Dr. Rawſon's Anti-Bilious and Stomachel Bitters.

PREPARED BY

THOMAS H. RAWSON,
Member of the Connecticut Medical Society.

THESE Bitters have undoubtedly had the moſt rapid ſale of any Patent Medicine ever before diſcovered, and are juſtly appreciated for their ſingular and uncommon virtues for reſtoring weak and decayed conſtitutions, and all that train of complicated complaints ſo common in the ſpring and fall ſeaſons, ſuch as *intermittant Fevers and ues, long Autumnal Fevers, Dyſenteries, &c.* They are alſo a very pleaſant bitter for common uſe, and where they are known they have taken the place and ſuperceded the uſe of all other bitters in public houſes as well as in private families.—Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Lee's (Windham) Billious Pills.

THE great ſale and increaſing demand for theſe valuable pills for theſe twelve years paſt, beſpeak their intrinſic worth. They have proved ſingularly efficacious in *Billious and Yellow fevers, Jaundice, Head Aachs, Dyſenteries, Billious Cholic, Coſtiveneſs, Female complaints, &c.*

The very great demand and high eſteem in which theſe pills are held throughout the United States and the Weſt Indies, has induced many to counterfeit them; the purchaſer is requeſted to obſerve that the name of Samuel Lee, jun. (the patentee) is affixed to each bill of directions, in his own hand writing, or they will not be genuine Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Rawſon's Itch Ointment.

A certain and ſafe application for that diſagreeable complaint called the ITCH. Price 42 cents a box.

Dr. Rawſon's Anti Billious Pills, or, Family Phyſic.

The extraordinary celebrity theſe pills have gained, the univerſal demand for them and eſteem in which they are held by medical men of the firſt eminence, are ſufficient teſtimonials of their intrinſic worth. In great colds and ſudden attacks of diſorders, an early uſe of theſe pills often produces the happieſt effects, and taken once in eight or ten days in caſes of indigeſtion, headachs, dizzineſs, pains in the ſtomach and bowels, dyſenteries, diarrhœas, dropſies, &c. and a liberal uſe of my anti billious bitters in the intermediate time has relieved patients almoſt to a miracle.—Price 25 cents a box.

Thompſon's Aromatic Tooth Paſte.

For the decay in the teeth and gums, and for whitening and preſerving the teeth. It likewiſe takes off all diſagreeable ſmells from the breath, which generally ariſes from ſcorbutic gums and bad teeth. This paſte is much in uſe, and highly eſteemed by all thoſe who value the preſervation of their teeth, it may be applied at all times with the greateſt ſafety. It is neatly put up in pewter boxes with paper directions. Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Rawſon's Worm Powders.

A medicine which for efficacy and ſafety in its operation ſtands unrivalled. The moſt authenticated proofs and reſpectable authorities of its aſtoniſhing virtues, and ſurpriſing effects, in extreme and alarming caſes of worms, may be ſeen at the place of ſale. Price 50 cents a packet.

Dr. Cooley's Vegetable Elixir; *Or Cough Drops,*

For Coughs, Colds, Aſthmas, ſpitting of blood, and all diſeaſes of the *lungs*. Its merits ſtands unrivalled. Price 50 cents a bottle.

Dr. Cooley's Rheumatic Pills.

Price 50 cents a box.

Hinkley's Infallible remedy for the Piles.

Price 50 Cents a Box.

Very particular directions accompanying each of theſe valuable medicines.

He has likewiſe for Sale,

A general aſſortment of Drugs, Patent Medicines, Shop furniture and Vials: a few handſome Hall Lamps; Indian Shades; proof vials; Eſſence of Spruce; Patent Blacking; Madeira and Sherry wine; black bottles in hogſheads; Paints ground in oil; and a few barrels Flax-ſeed Oil, which he will ſell on reaſonable terms for caſh, or to punctual cuſtomers on a ſhort credit.

☞ A generous allowance will be made to thoſe who purchaſe the above Medicines by the dozen.

March 27. eaw.

For SALE and to RENT.

I wiſh to ſell 900 acres of Land, on *Sugar Land Run*; being a moiety of 1800 acres, lying on the edge of Loudoun, and in Fairfax county, about 20 miles from Alexandria, 19 from George-Town, and about a mile and one quarter from the river—lies level—It has an abundance of fine timber on it equal to any in the county, and no tract of land can be more copiouſly ſupplied with innumerable ſprings of the fineſt water; there is a part of it laid down in fine clover paddocks, with a good orchard and ſeveral buildings fit for tenants. This and was deeded to me, ſeveral years ago, by *Ferdinand Fairfax*, Eſquire—the title indiſputable, as may be ſeen by the title papers in my poſſeſſion. Terms may be known and the land ſhewed to any perſon wiſhing to purchaſe, by the ſubſcriber.

I wiſh to Rent, for 5 or 6 years,

An ISLAND in the Potomac,

About fifteen miles from George-town,

Containing 216 acres; moſt of which is cleared: I am told, by thoſe who have been in Kentucky, that it is equal to any land in that ſtate, producing from 10 to 12 barrels of corn per acre in a tolerable ſeaſon. A great bargain may be had in the purchaſe of the firſt mentioned tract, and in the latter on rent, provided application be ſoon made. Poſſeſſion may be had at *Chriſtmas*, (when the preſent crop will be finiſhed) with liberty of ſowing wheat this fall. It is ſuppoſed, by judges, there is a good MILL-SEAT, with a ſtream of water on the 900 acre tract. Any perſon deſirous of purchaſing will view it and judge for themſelves.

B. DADE.

May 16. eo

PUBLIC SALE.

The ſubſcriber will offer, at PUBLIC SALE, at Mr. GEORGE WILLIAMS's tavern, in the town of *Dumfries*, on the *firſt Monday in July*, (being the 1ſt of the month) that VALUABLE PROPERTY, known by the name of

CLIFTON-MILL,

WITHIN two and an half miles of Dumfries, on the waters of *Quantico*, which is as conſtant a ſtream as any in this part of the country, and in an exceeding healthy ſituation; very conveniently ſituated to a fine wheat country, not being more than half a mile out of the way (in going to Dumfries) from the main road leading from Fauquier court houſe, Centerville &c. (and thought by ſome not any out of the way at all) and a very good road to it; together with from 90 to 100 acres of land, the greateſt part of which is well wooded; the Mill is an overſhot, with a wheel of 20 feet 9 inches rod 4 feet head, with 2 pair of ſtones, 1 pair of French burrs of 5 feet, the other of Cologne, with every apparatus neceſſary for carrying on merchant buſineſs to the beſt advantage. The Mill-Houſe is 50 feet long by 27 feet wide, 2 ſtories high, together with a barn, ſtable, cow-houſe and lumber houſe convenient to the Mill, a convenient Dwelling-Houſe not quite finiſhed, with a Kitchen, Meat and Corn-Houſe, all of which have been built within eight or nine years paſt: There is on this place a thriving young Peach Orchard.

ALSO,

At the ſame time and place, will be offered for Sale,

A ſmall PLANTATION, containing from 120 to 130 acres, adjoining, and being part of the above tract of land. There is on this place a ſmall Dwelling Houſe, Kitchen & Meat Houſe—alſo a very thriving young Peach Orchard, with other Fruit Trees.

The ſituation of this property muſt render it a deſirable acquiſition to any perſon inclined to engage in this line of buſineſs, particularly as it is ſituated ſo near tide water. It is deemed unneceſſary to ſay any thing more reſpecting the premiſes, as it is preſumed any perſon inclining to purchaſe will wiſh to ſee them. The ſubſcriber will ſhew the property; or, if he be abſent, Mr. *James G. Evans*, living thereon, will attend. Nothing would induce me to part with this valuable property, but ſome preſſing demands which I am anxious to diſcharge.

The Conditions of the Sale will be—

One-half of the purchaſe money in hand, the other half in 9 or 18 months, bearing intereſt from the day of ſale; approved ſecurity will be required. Poſſeſſion will be given of the Mill, &c. immediately, and the Land as ſoon as the crop is off; and the latter place on Chriſtmas next.

JOHN SOWDEN.

May 23. 2awdſ

This day is Publiſhed,
And for Sale at ROBERT GRAY'S *Book-ſtore, and* THIS OFFICE,
(PRICE TWENTY FIVE CENTS.)

AN ABSTRACT
OF AN
A POLOGY,
For Renouncing the Juriſdiction
OF THE
SYNOD OF KENTUCKY.
BEING
A Compendious View of the GOSPEL,
AND A FEW REMARKS ON THE
CONFESSION OF FAITH.
By Robert Marſhall, John Dunlavy, Richard M'Nemar, Barton W. Stone, John Thompſon.

May 2.

FRUIT—in fine Order.

This day received per ſloop Seaflower, *Lemons* by the box or retail.

John A. Burford.

June 15. d

Valuable Property for Sale.

The ſubſcriber being deſirous of removing to the weſtern country, offers for ſale, the following Tracts of LAND, in Fairfax county, Virginia, viz.

The Tract on which he reſides, containing about 740 acres, 5 miles below Alexandria, and within one mile of Potomac river, in an agreeable neighborhood; the ſituation pleaſant and remarkably healthy; the land level and well adapted to the production of Indian corn, wheat, and other ſmall grain. The improvements are, a large and commodious dwelling houſe, two ſtories high, 54 feet long and 35 feet wide, with four rooms and a paſſage on a floor, a piaza nine feet wide on each front, the full length of the houſe, and an excellent cellar under the whole houſe divided into four rooms and a paſſage; a good kitchen, meat-houſe, dairy, ice-houſe, and every other neceſſary building, all in good repair, with a well of excellent water; a good garden, apple & peach orchard, and about 40 acres of excellent timothy meadow, and as much more may be made at a very ſmall expence: Alſo, an overſeer's houſe, negro quarters, a granary, &c.

One other Tract, containing about 1250 acres, 6 miles below Alexandria, divided into two farms ſufficient to work 9 or 10 hands on each: The buildings on theſe farms conſiſt only of overſeers' houſes, negro quarters, granaries, &c. There are 40 or 50 acres of good timothy meadow well incloſed, and a great deal more may be made at a trifling expence; the land very level and fertile, with an abundance of timber. This tract is allowed, by thoſe who know it well, to be equal, if not ſuperior, to any tract of the ſame extent in this part of the country. It will be ſold entire, or divided, as may be found moſt convenient.

One other Tract near the laſt mentioned one, containing 402 acres, rented to tenants at will; a conſiderable portion of which is level and the ſoil good. There are on it, two or three beautiful and commanding ſituations for buildings, and a meadow from which one of the tenants ſells from 15 to 20 tons of hay a year.

Another Tract, of about 325 Acres, 9 or 10 miles below Alexandria, through which the ſtage road leading from thence to Richmond paſſes: This would be an excellent ſtand for a tavern, there being none at this time between Alexandria and Colcheſter, a diſtance of 16 or 18 miles: Alſo,

One other Tract near the laſt, containing about 400 acres. Both the laſt mentioned tracts are likewiſe rented to tenants at will; they produce good corn, wheat, and other ſmall grain, and there is on each of them a conſiderable quantity of excellent timothy meadow in good order, from which the tenants ſell a great deal of hay. For terms, apply to the ſubſcriber, five miles below Alexandria.

Thomſon Maſon.

May 22. 1aw6t

FOR SALE,

250 Acres of Land, in the diſtrict of *Columbia*, about 5 miles from Alexandria and 2 from George-Town: A large proportion is woodland of a good quality, abounding with good ſprings and handſome ſituations. I would lay off this land to accommodate thoſe who may wiſh to buy from two acre lots to twenty, or ſell it altogether. A ſmall part of the purchaſe money will be required; and for the balance a liberal credit will be given. Any perſon wiſhing to buy, may be ſhewn the land by *William Smallum*, who reſides upon it; and leave their cards with Mr. John Gadſby, of Alexandria.

Sundry Lots may be had on ground rent, upon Duke-ſtreet, adjoining to Mr. Jacob Shucks's.

G. CHAPMAN.

June 13. 1awtf

NOTICE.

THIS is to give notice, that the ſubſcriber, of Alexandria County, in the Diſtrict of Columbia, hath obtained from the orphans court of ſaid County, letters of adminiſtration, on the perſonal eſtate of Thomas Hodgkins, late of the County aforeſaid, deceaſed, all perſons having claims againſt ſaid deceaſed, are hereby warned to exhibit them with the vouchers thereof, to the adminiſtrator, on or before the 22d day of November next, otherwiſe they may by law be excluded from all benefit of ſaid eſtate.

Given under my hand, this 22d day of May 1805.

ELISHA JEWELL,
Adminiſtrator.

May 22. 2aw4w

N. B. All perſons indebted to the above eſtate, are requeſted to make immediate payment to the adminiſtrator.

PRINTED DAILY BY
S. SNOWDEN.

Alexa

Vol. V.]

Public Sale.

On TUESDAY next,

will be ſold at the Venture Store,

RUM

in hhds. and bls. French Brandy in pipes,
Gin in pipes and bls.
Whiſkey and Apple Bandy in bls.
Sugar in hhds. tierces and bls.
Chocolate
White and brown Soap and } in boxes,
Mould and dipt Candles
Raiſins in kegs, boxes and jars,
Figs in kegs and ſtrails,
Queen's Ware in crates,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
&c.——Alſo,
A Variety of DRY GOODS,
among which are
Cloths, Coatings, Kerſemeres,
Duffils, Plains, Kerſeys, Negro Cottons,
Serges, Elaſticks, blue Friezes,
Callimancoes, Ruſſels, Yarn Stockings,
Chintzes and Callicoes,
Iriſh Linens, Sileſia do.
Oſnaburgs and Tickleburgs,
Muſlin and Muſlin Handkerchiefs,
India Muſlins and Table Clothes,
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
Colour'd Threads, Hats and ſundry other articles.

Philip G. Marſteller.

Dec. 19.

JAMES SANDERSON

has received, in addition to his late general ſupplies, which he will ſell, by the quantity, very low, and on liberal credit;

10 pipes 4th proof Cogniac Brandy
4 puncheons ſecond proof Antigua Rum.
20 barrels New England ditto.
5 pipes particular Tenariffe Wine.
12 half pipes do. do. do.
25 caſes claret, 2 and half dozen in each.
9 boxes beſt London Muſtard, 15 dozen each,
6 do. do. Double Gloucester Cheeſe.
20 hogſheads Black Quart Bottles.

ALSO,

28 hogſheads Virginia TOBACCO now in ſtore.

May 31. d

10 pipes well flavor'd Holland Gin,
60 caks Dutch Linſeed Oil,
2 bales German Tickienburgh
1 caſe Britannias,
1 do. Platillas Royal,

Juſt Imported from Rotterdam,

In the brig Nancy, Spalding,
AND FOR SALE BY
J. & T. Vowell,
WHO HAVE IN STORE,

A few pipes old Madeira Wine, fit for immediate uſe,
Three hhds. old Grenada Rum,
Three caſks Clover Seed,
Ten pipes 4th proof Spaniſh Brandy.

☞ *Caſh given for Otter and Mink Skins.*

April 25. d

TO LET,

For one or more years,

The white Warehouſe, on King-ſtreet, near Col. Ramſay's wharf. The ſituation for buſineſs equal to any in town. Apply to

JOSEPH RIDDLE & Co.

March 29. d

Sixty Dollars *Reward.*

RANAWAY, from the ſubſcriber, living in Wilkes county, North-Carolina,

Two NEGRO-MEN, viz.

BEN, a ſtout made, yellow man, 35 years of age; was purchaſed of John Linton, of Dumfries.

SAM—is a ſtout made black man, 35 years of age—his cloathing was of coarſe ſtore cloth: He was purchaſed of Mr. Jacobs, of Dumfries.

The above reward will be paid if ſecured ſo that we get them again, or in proportion for either.

ABNER WILBORN,
JOHN BROWN.

June 1. 12aw3w*

N. B. They ran away on the 25th of March laſt.

☞ A few Copies of the *American Gardener*, for ſale by Robert Gray, in King-ſtreet.